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ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L8
ΑN
    2002:958444 CAPLUS
DN
    138:18708
    Entered STN: 18 Dec 2002
ED
    Manufacture of porous polyimide films for printed circuit boards
ΤI
    Tahara, Shinji; Kawashima, Toshiyuki; Ikeda, Kenichi
IN
PΑ
    Nitto Denko Corp., Japan
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
IC
    ICM B29C041-24
    ICS H05K001-03; H05K003-28; B29K079-00; B29K105-04; B29L007-00
    76-14 (Electric Phenomena)
CC
    Section cross-reference(s): 38
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
    PATENT NO.
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    JP 2002361661
                       A2
                              20021218 JP 2001-169254
                                                              20010605 <--
PRAI JP 2001-169254
                              20010605
CLASS
             CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
PATENT NO.
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                      JP 2002361661 ICM
                      B29C041-24
                      H05K001-03; H05K003-28; B29K079-00; B29K105-04;
                ICS
                      B29L007-00
AΒ
    Porous polyimide film is manufactured by wet solidification of solution
containing
    polyamic acid of weight average mol. weight (determined by gel permeation
chromatog.)
    ≥8000 for preparation of a porous film, washing the film with water, and
     imidation of the film before the weight average mol. weight of the polyamic
acid
    becomes <8000. Porous polyimide films showing dielec. loss tangent (tan
    \delta) of \leq 0.0045 at 10 GHz are also claimed. The films are especially
    suitable as insulating layers in printed circuit boards used for
    high-frequency devices.
ST
    porous polyimide film insulator PWB; printed circuit board porous
    polyimide film; dielec polyimide film imidation polyamic acid
IT
    Porous materials
        (films; manufacture of porous dielec. polyimide films for printed circuit
       boards by imidation of polyamic acid coatings)
IT
    Printed circuit boards
        (manufacture of porous dielec. polyimide films for printed circuit boards by
       imidation of polyamic acid coatings)
IT
    Polyimides, uses
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (manufacture of porous dielec. polyimide films for printed circuit boards by
       imidation of polyamic acid coatings)
ΙT
    Polyamic acids
    RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical
    process); PROC (Process)
        (manufacture of porous dielec. polyimide films for printed circuit boards by
       imidation of polyamic acid coatings)
IT
    Dielectric films
    Films
       (porous; manufacture of porous dielec. polyimide films for printed circuit
       boards by imidation of polyamic acid coatings)
ΙT
    26873-91-6P, 3,3',4,4'-Benzophenonetetracarboxylic acid
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dianhydride-4,4'-diaminodiphenyl ether-p-phenylenediamine copolymer

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (manufacture of porous dielec. polyimide films for printed circuit boards by imidation of polyamic acid coatings) RN 26873-91-6P L8 ANSWER 2 OF 3 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN AN2003-433200 [41] WPIX DNN DNC C2003-114851 N2003-345693 TT Porous membrane manufacturing method for wiring board, involves starting imide processing of porous membrane, when average molecular weight of polyamic acid is in specific range. A26 A32 A85 L03 V04 DC PA (NITL) NITTO DENKO CORP CYC 1 JP 2002361661 A 20021218 (200341)* ΡI 6 B29C041-24 <--ADT JP 2002361661 A JP 2001-169254 20010605 PRAI JP 2001-169254 20010605 ICM B29C041-24 ICS H05K001-03; H05K003-28 B29K079:00, B29K105:04, B29L007:00 JP2002361661 A UPAB: 20030630 NOVELTY - The imide processing of the porous membrane is started, when the average molecular weight of the polyamic acid is more than 8000 by GPC measurement. USE - For manufacturing porous membrane for wiring board for information communication apparatus. ADVANTAGE - Porous membrane with improved mechanical strength is obtained, by starting the imide processing, when the average molecular weight of polyamic acid is in specific range. Dwg.0/0 FS CPI EPI FA AB MC CPI: A05-J01B; A12-E07; L03-H04E1 EPI: V04-R03E; V04-R07P L8 ANSWER 3 OF 3 JAPIO (C) 2005 JPO on STN AN2002-361661 **JAPIO** TIMETHOD FOR MANUFACTURING POROUS FILM FOR WIRING SUBSTRATE TAWARA SHINJI; KAWASHIMA TOSHIYUKI; IKEDA KENICHI NITTO DENKO CORP PΑ PΙ JP 2002361661 A 20021218 Heisei AΤ JP 2001-169254 (JP2001169254 Heisei) 20010605 PRAI JP 2001-169254 20010605 PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN (CD-ROM), Unexamined Applications, Vol. 2002 IC ICM B29C041-24 ICS H05K001-03; H05K003-28 B29K079:00, B29K105:04, B29L007:00 PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a method for manufacturing a porous film for a wiring substrate capable of reducing a dielectric dissipation factor as compared with a polyimide porous film obtained by a conventional wet coagulation method and capable of also enhancing mechanical strength, and the porous film for the wiring substrate obtained thereby. SOLUTION: In the method for manufacturing the porous film for the wiring substrate including a film forming process for forming the porous film by the wet coagulation method using a solution containing polyamic acid, a washing process for washing the obtained porous film with water and an imidation process for imidating the obtained porous film, the polyamic acid to be used has a weight average mol.weight die to GPC measurement of 8,000 or more and the imidation process is started before the weight average mol.weight of the polyamic acid due to GPC measurement is lowered to <8,000.

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